Our Cable Disputches. LONDON, July 8.—The English Government is about to send a body of troops to Absynnia.

Pans, July 8.—The International Money Congress proposes to fix the standard gold coin at five france and its multiplicities.

TRIESTE, July 8.—A fleet is under preparation to proceed to Moxico and demand Maximilian's body.

LONDON, July 8 Noon.—Consols 915; bonds 73.
LIVERPOOL, July 8 Noon.—Cotton dull. Sales 10,000 bales. Uplands 1094; Orleans 11d. Breadstuffs, Provisions and Produce unchanced.
LONDON, July 8 — The Vesta touched.
LONDON, July 8—2 P. M.—Consols and Bonds duffs unchanced.

ot, July 8—2 P. M.—Cotton casier. Bread changed. Bacon 42s. Tallow 51s.; oth

## Washington News.

Washington News.

Washington News.
Washington News.
Washington on Reconstruction have prepared a bill. It places the State Government in complete subjection to the military commanders, whose previous acts are validated. It makes the Boards of Registrary judges of the qualifications for registration; forbids the removal of commanders without the advice or consent of the Senate, or sentance of court martial. It forbids the civil courts, whether Federal or State, from interfering with a commander or his agents acting under his authority, or from entertaining crimin-il or civil proceedings against them for any arits done under laws to which this is supplementary.

ontertaining criminal or civil proceedings against thom for any arts done under laws to which this is supplementary.

It is stated that General Herron, of Louisiana, is an applicant for the Mexican mission

Washixorron, July 8.—In the House a large number of Bills were introduced and referred without debate. The Committee on Elections reported that no person who had given aid and comfort to the rebellion should be allowed to swear in, but disloyalty of constituents, or illegality of electrons, should not provent members trom holding a certificate and swearing in. The report was laid on the table and printed.

The resolutions calling for the proceedings of the Cabination reconstruction were passed by a vote of 103 to 26.

Mr. Butler moved that a Special Committee of Five, with power to send for persons and papers, to appointed to investigate the assassimation, and that the Committee promise the protection of the House to accomplices who have not been tried or sentenced, and who may give valuable evidence. The rules were suspended and the resolution passed.

Mr. Stevens, from the Committee of mine, in-

passed.

Mr. Slevons, from the Committee of nine, introduced the following Bill:

Be it enorted by the Schoole My House of Rengeore, Time it is hereby declared to be the true inore, Time it is hereby declared to

Mr. Slevons, from the Committee of nine, introduced the following Bill:

Be it enacted by the Sende and House of Regrecery, That it is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of the Act of the 2d of March, 1867, entitled an Act to provide for the more efficient government of the relvel States, and of the Act supplementary theoreto, passed on the 2td March, 1807, that the government then existing in the relvel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas, were illegal and void, and that hereafter said governments, if continued, were to be subject, in all respects, to the military commanders of their respective districts, and to the authority of Congress.

Section 2. That the said Acts, to which this is a supplement shall be construed to authorize the officer assigned to the command of any Military District under said Acts, whenever he shall deem it necessary for the due performance of his duties under said Acts, whenever he shall deem it necessary for the due performance of his duties any municipal or State officer or person exercising authority under or by virtue of any so-caile i State Officer or person exercising authority under or by virtue of any so-caile i State officer or person exercising authority under or by virtue of any so-caile i State officer or person to exercising authority and for one of the shall deem proper to do so, and whenever he may deem it necessary as aforesaid to prohibit, suspend or est asude any Act or proceeding of any such State, or manicipal State or Governments, or any Act or thing done under or by virtue, it is anthority, and all Acts heretofore done by any such officer in accordance herewith shall be deemed valid.

Beziton S. That the Boards of Registration of the several military districts established by the Acts to which this is supplementary, shall admit to registration only such persons as they deem entitled to be registered. But deceme valid.

Provention of the person to the person of the

may strike from the first of voters the name of any one airc-dy registered who, in their judgment, improperly took the eath prescribed in the Acts to which this is merely supplementary; or was no entitled by said acts to be registered. The record of evidence shall not be required by said boards to prove participation in the rebellion, but parole evidence shall be sufficient to establish the fact of such participation, said boards of registration shall not be bound or governed in their action by any opinion of any officer of the United States Government.

Section 4. That no civil Court of the United States, or of any State shall have jurisdiction or any action, or proceeding, civil or criminal against any such District Commander, or any officer or person acting by his authority, for or on account of the discharge of the duties imposed upon him by this set or the acts to which it is supplementary.

Section 5. That no district commander shall be relieved from the command assigned to him under the aforesaid acts, unless the Senate shall have been first advised or consented thereto, or unless by sentence of court martial, he shall be cashiered or dismissed from the completion of the registration of persons properly qualified to vote may be extended by orders of the adia several

Section 6. That the time for the completion of the registration of persons properly qualitied to vote may be extended by orders of the said several district commanders to any day prior to the first day of October, Anno Domino 1867.

Mr. Stevens accepted the following as an additional marking.

tional section:

Any person who shall attempt to provent the execution of this act shall be guilty of a mission of the section riction will be liable fine of five thousand dollars, or imprisons

demeanor, and on conviction will be liable to a fine of five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for one year.

The right of any person to be registered as a legal voter shall in no respect be changed or affected by the President's pardon for participation in the rebellion. Mr. Stevens moved the previous question, and the House votes to-morrow at one o'clock. Adjourned.

In the Benate, Mr. Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee, introduced a bill on reconstruction.

The Executive was called on for a mass of information regarding the Indian hostilities and Mexican affairs.

The Sonate, by a vote of thirty-six to five, refused to take up the joint resolution thanking Gens. Sheridan, Sickles, schotield and Pope.

Mr. Grimes thought it would be premature to pass these resolutions at this time. They were not sufficiently informed of the merits of the cases to be able to judge—formerly the thanks of Congress were only tendered on extraordinay occasions, it was considered a great compliment to any one to receive them, but if this kind of precedent was to be ableabilished they would be regarded.

sions, it was considered a great compliment to any one to receive them, but if this kind of precedent was to be established, they would be tendered and of our new Russan possessions.

Several other ineffectual efforts were made to introduce a general legislation, but failed, when the Senate adjourned.

The following is the sixth seattle.

Several other ineffectual efforts were made to introduce a general legislation, but failed, when the Senate allourned.

The following is the sixth section of the Senate allourned; is the sixth section of the Senate Judiciary Committee: That the true intent and meaning of the oath presented in said Supplementary Act is, among other things, that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State, or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and who has afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid removed to the tension of the tension of the conflict of the continued of the several laws of the States.

In the Surratt trial the defence commenced, and three witnesses were examined, including an actor named Hoss, and a theatrical costumer named Carlau—that Hess, who was to sing, asked the time, when Carlan replied, "ten minutes past ten! I'll be wanted soon." Witnesses knew Booth well; he was not an front of the theater; none of them saw Surratt there. The Brothers Fort testified that Rhodes, from the position of the doors and passages, could not have seen Surratt in the President's box on the day of the assassination.

Concrat Thee, Francis Meagher was drowned at Fort Benton on the 1st instant.

Ex-Goy. King of New York is dead.

The San Antonic Express of Texas is selected to publish the laws.

The storeship Relief has arrived at Baltimore.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, July 8.—A meeting of citizens was hold at Louisa Court House, at which resolutions were adopted advising co-operation; pledging the meeting to vote for the Ropublican candidate for President, and for members of Congress from Virginia, who have an unbroken Union record. Clayton, Coleman, James E. Pendleton, and other influential citizens, were on the committee on resolutions.

A special to the Richmond Whig says the meeting was composed of influential diffzens, and the resolutions are to be forwarded to both Houses of Congress.
Under the appropriation of Congress 2686 rations were issued in Richmond last month,

From Boston. BOSTON, July 8.—John K. Fuller, Cashier of the Merchant's National Bank, was arrested, charged with illegally abstracting the funds of the bank'

From the West,

OMAHA, July 8.—Advices have been received from General Custan's command, dated at River-aide, Colorade, torty miles west of Fort Sedgwick. June 2i, which say that there have been several skirmishes, resulting in the repulse of the In-dians. Bix warriors killed and two soldiers wounded.

Domestic Markets.

strong on call, but improved afterward. '62 coupons 1114. Georgia 7's 824a81. Sterling 10a104. Gold 384.

Gold 38].

EVENING DISPATCH.

Flour, State, \$6.50a10.75; Southern, \$9.30a15.75.

Wheat firmer; new Amber, Georgia, \$3. Corn,
Western mixed, new \$1.04a1.08; old, \$1.10. Mess
Pork firm, at \$20.87a22. Lard heavy, \$114114c.

Whiskoy quiet, at 40c., in bond. Cotton quiet but
firmer; sales 900 bales, at 254c. Sugar very firm;
Museovado, \$115c. Confee firm but quiet. Freights
drouping.

firmer; sales 900 bales, at 25\(\frac{1}{2}\)e. Sugar very firm; Museevado, 11\(\frac{1}{2}\)e. Coffee firm but quiet. Freights drooping.

Stocke dall and heavy. Money 5a6 per cent. Gold 38\(\frac{1}{2}\): C2 Coupons 114.

Baltinore, July 8.—Coffee steady and inactive. Flour scarce. Wheat, new red. \(\frac{1}{2}\) 75-35\(\frac{1}{2}\); new white, 22 99. White Corn, \(\frac{1}{2}\) 11 141 13; yellow, \(\frac{1}{2}\) 10 16 16 17; mixed Western, \(\frac{1}{2}\) 10. Provisions scarce and in demand. Whiskey very dull and unchanged Cincinnsyll, July 8.—Flour firm and unchanged Family \(\frac{1}{2}\) 11.50412 Wheat, improved demand. Corn in good demand from the South: in sacks 95c. Whiskey stoady at 30c. in bond. Mo is Pork buoyant at \(\frac{2}{2}\) 22. Bulk Meats firmer. Bacon firm; Shoulders 10c. Clear Sides 12\(\frac{1}{2}\) 0. Whinkovon, July 8.—Turpentine firmer at 51c. Rosi, steady at \(\frac{2}{2}\). However, sold the second firm; Shoulders 10c. These in the second firm; Shoulders 10c. The second firm; Sigar very light; quoted fair 13\(\frac{1}{2}\); to yellow 14. Cuba Molasses fully fair 14; Numbers 12 to 15, 13\(\frac{1}{2}\). Mot asses quoted 47\(\frac{1}{2}\). Sold revery firm, single extra 11; sales mostly on private terms. Corn advanced 25c.; vellow mixed \(\frac{1}{2}\) 12a-11. Signite 13i, Sold 31. Second, fuir Jobong, shoulders 10\(\frac{1}{2}\); tibs 12\(\frac{1}{2}\); lear 13\(\frac{1}{2}\). Gold 38\(\frac{1}{2}\). Sterling 49\(\frac{1}{2}\). Low Middling Molasse, July 8.—Sales 200 bales; Low Middling 13). Cold 383. Sterning 222005. 107a Signs 2 promium.

Mobile, July 8.—Sales 200 bales; Low Middling 21/a22. Recepts 163.

Augusta, July 8.—Cotton dull, sales 25; Middling 221. Notwithstanding the heavy rains for several weeks, necounts from all parts of the State are favorable to the crops.

Savannat, July 8.—Cotton dull and inactive; Low Middlings nominally 21a212 cts. Receipts 130 bales.

the Cincinnati Gazette, says:

the Cincinnati Gazette, says:

Throughout Middle Tennessee and North Alabana a larger breadth of cotton has been planted than last year, though the increase in the number of acres is not so great as could have been desired. The wet weather of the spring prevented its cultivation to as great an extent as was desired, but now a hot sun and a clear sky gives promise of an abundant yield, if. Their eperiring influences were properly they are so seconded. they are so seconded. Every one, whitens well as black, appears to be at work; in every field ploughs are turning under the rank growth of weeds, and the cotton, green and vigorous, is given the monopoly of the rich soil.

I have conversed with a large number of persons from all the sections manned above, and all say that, if no unforseen accident occurs, the

say that, if no unforseen accident occurs, the yield of cotton will be at least twenty per cent. say that, if no unforseen accident occurs, the yield of cotton will be at least twenty per cent. greater to the acre than it was last year; and that this, added to the slight additional breadth planted, will yield to the country in the neighborhood of 3,000,000 bales; for, after all the croaking, it was discovered that 2,000,000 were sent to market from the crops of last year.

But the terrible experiences of 1805 and 1866 compelled the Southern people to attend more to the raising of breadstuffs than to anything else. Something must be done to relieve the immediate wants; and as the wheat harvest occurs about the latter part of May, all who could sowed several acres of wheat—enough to furnish bread till their good staple and luxury—corn—shall be ripe enough to be converted into meal and hoccakes. The result is, that more wheat was sown in the South last fall than during any one year before; and so far as I have been able to ascertain, the yield will be unprecedentedly large; and as the crop is harvested, we still hear of little suffering, save among those who were unable to procure seed last fall, and I regret to say that this class is oxecedingly nunerous. But those who did raise wheat are always in need of labor, and will pay for it in bread; and save in a few isolated localities in the mountains, every cry for

raise wheat are always in need of labor, and will pay for it in bread; and save in a few isolated localities in the mountains, every cry for relief that will hereafter be heard will proceed from those who will not put forth the slightest exertion to provide for themselves. There are idlers and vagrants everywhere, and though they must not be permitted to die of starvation, they deserve but little commiseration.

An enormous breadth of corn has been planted in the region named at the outset; at least twice as many acres as in any year in the days of slayery, and though, like the cotton, it suffered from weeds, which grew with such luxuriance during the wet weather, it is now in fine condition, and will yield, according to the estimates made by intelligent and experienced persons, from ten to twenty per cent. to the acre, mates made by intelligent and experienced persons, from ten to twenty per cent. to the acre, more than a usual crop. Corn, in the South, is subjected to fewer accidents than any other crop, and I think it may now be considered free of all dangers of whatever nature. A protracted drought might injure it; but as it already shudes the ground, little danger need be apprehended from this source. If the season continues favorable, very few provisions will be wanted from the North to supply the demands of the South.

# Revolutionists Come to Grief,

Revolutionists Come to Grief,
General Acosta's clever coup de main for the
capture of the usurper Mosquera, has doubtless so overjoyed the people of the Colombian
States, that they may hasten to elect him President. He has, it appears, assumed the reins
of authority only for the time being, until an
election can be held for Mosquera's successor.
Another proof of the latter's weakness is shown
in the fact that the "Army of the Union" ween Another proof of the latter's weakness is shown in the fact that the 'Army of the Union," upon which he relied for support, secured his arrest in accordance with the instructions of their commander Acosta. Simultaneous with the news of Mosquera's overthrow comes the intelligence that another revolutionist and would be dietator has died. General Custilla, the leader of the Perurian reheles we asked a devenue marching upon the scaper town of Arca, which had pronounced in his favor. His troops left him at a farm house and continued the march. Castilla, however, died in a few hours, and his troops subsequently surrendered to the Government forces. Order, therefore, is once more restored, ler, therefore, is once more restored, and President Prado's authority is now resisted der, therefore, is once more restored, and President Prado's authority is now resisted only by a small body of troops under Rivas, who will doubtless soon yield. All friends of Peru will be rejoiced at this turn'swhich affairs have taken. Castilla, formerly Grand Marishal of Peru, and well known for half a century, was steadily gaining strength, and had he not been removed by death, he would probably have involved the whole country in turnoil and bloodshed. Ever restless and uneasy, the Peruvians were apparently flocking to his standard in some numbers, not because of any apparent dissatisfaction with Prado, but because of their innate fondness for a 'muses' of some kind or other. Prado has shown himself to be an unselfish President, aiming only at his countrymen's welfare, and if they are now not patriotic and sagacious enough to support him after electing him President by their votes, they are not deserving of peace and prosperity. Some time ago Chiti was threatened with a fresh revolution, growing out of dissatisfaction with the bombardment of Valparaiso. The

Some time ago Chili was threatened with a fresh revolution, growing out of dissatisfaction with the hombardment of Valparaiso. The people thought that President Perez had not exhibited sufficient energy in preparing for the attack of the Spanish fleet, and they accordingly, in some quarters, began to talk of deposing him. He still retains his place, however, and at the opening of the Chilian Congress on the 1st ultimo, delivered his annual message, in which he exhibited a defiant attitude toward Spain, and intimated that Chili would consent which he exhibited a defiant attitude toward Spain, and intimated that Chili would consent to no peace until Spain had indemnified the country for the losses inflicted upon it. This display of pluck will doubtless secure him his position until the expiration of his presidential term. All the people demand of him is that he shall continue to double up his fists and show fight to Spain. fight to Spain.

POHOLOGICAL DISCOVERY.—The science of fruit culture has taken rapid strides during the past few years, particularly in this country; but nowhere, perhaps, is it followed so assiduously and enthusiastically as in Holland, and the lower provinces of the Rhineland.

The latest, and certainly the most curious.

the lower provinces of the Rhineland.

The latest, and certainly the most curious, discovery in this line has recently been made by a Flemish gardener of Ghent, who, after long and persistent experiment, has actually—if we may believe the authority of Galiguani—succeeded in giving to any kind of fruit the flavor he pleases while it is still on the tree. Let us take an apple for instance; he pricks it rather deeply in four or five places with a large needle, and then lets it dip for a while in a bowl containing a liquid possessing the flavor he wishes to communicate. After a few seconds this liquid will have penetrated the pulps; and this operation being repeated two or three and this operation being repeated two or three times, at intervals of eight or ten days, the apple is left to ripen on the tree, and will subsequently be found to have nequired the taste either of strawberry, raspborry, cloves, &c., according to the liquid employed.

New York, July 8.—Cotton steady at 26½ conts.

New York, July 8.—Cotton steady at 26½ conts.

Plour advance i 1020c. Wheat firmer. Corn unchanged. Pork firm. Lard quiet. Stocks not so

River, not far from Smithland, Kentucky.

ACTION OF THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT-INSTRUC TION TO THE COLONIAL AUTHORITIES. The following is a translation of official documents relating to the laying of the sub-marine telegraph cable between Florida and I-MINISTERIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE COLO

The Minister of the Colonies sends to-day to the Superior Civil Governor (Captain-General)
of Cuba that which follows:

the Superior Civil Governor (Captain-General) of Cuba that which follows:

"For the purpose of the prompt establishment of telegraphic communication by means of the submarine cable to be laid down by the International Ocean Company between that Island and the const of Florida—an enterprise which will produce such important benefits to the peninsula, and more especially to the territory under the command of your Excellency, the Queen (whom God guard) has been pleased to order that your Excellency be instructed by all the means, whatsoever they be, within your reach, and overcoming every obstacle which may present itself, you should afford proper aid in this work to the company which is to establish it, and that you should afford proper aid in this work to the company which is to establish it, and that you should afford proper paid in this work to the company which is to establish it, and that you should take care that the officers of the Bepartment of Telegraphs lend their aid, in their proper sphere, to the prompt achievement of said object."

ment of said object."

By royal order communicated through the said Minister, I transmit this to you for your information and its consequent effects.

God guard you many years.

SALVABUR DE ALBASELE,
Sub-Secretary of the Colonies.
Jas. A. Scrymser, Esq., Director Q. O. T. Co.
II.—Ministerial Department of the Colo-

II—MINISTERIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE COLONIES.

The Minister of the Navy says to the Minister of the Colonies, under date of the 13th inst., what follows;

"In communicating to the CommandantGeneral of the Naval Station of Havana the royal order which your Excellency was pleased to communicate to me under date of yesterday relative to the navy assisting in the operation of laying down the electric submarine cable between Havana and Key West, the said Commandant-General has been instructed that after consulting with the representatives of the Company charged with the work, who when he is will be in Albahasa what kind of assistance may be afforded by the Royal Navy, to detach the vessel of that haval station which he may consider best fitted for this service, giving, to this effect, to her commander the orders which may be necessary.

may be necessary.

By like royal order, I say this to your Excel-By like royal order, I say this to your Excel-lency for your information and in reply."

By order of Her Majesty, communicated through the said Minister of the Colonies, I transmit this to you for the information of the

Franshit this to you for the information of the Company.
God guard you many years.
Madrid, March 15, 1867.
SALVADOR DE ALBASETE,
Sub-Secretary of the Colonies.
Jas. A. Scrymser, Esq., Director Q. O. T. Co.
III.—MINISTERIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE COLO-

The Minister of the Colonies says to-day to

The Minister of the Colonies says to-day to the Director-General of the Administration of the Island of Cuba what follows:

"The Queen (whom Ged guard) being desirous to facilitate, in so far as it is in the power of the Government, the telegraphic connection which the International Ocean Company is to establish by means of a submarine cable between that island and the coast of Florida, which enterprise will result in important benefits, has been pleased to declare free of all duties of customs and of navigation the effects which the said Company may import into that island, and justify to be necessary for the realization of their enterprise, as well also as the vessels which, whether transporting materials for the enterprise or engaged in operations of surveys, may enter the ports of the same island; provided that they do not practice any commercial operation foreign to the industrial enterprise which is the object of this order."

By order ofher Majesty communicated through the said Minister, I furnish you this copy for your information. God guard you many years!

Madrid, July 1, 1867.

SALVADOR DE ALBASETE,

Under Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Madrid, July 1, 1867.

SALVADOR DE ALBASETE,
Under Secretary of State for the Colonies.
JAS. A. SCRYMSER, ESQ., Director Q. O. T. Co.
[Ex ract from Royal Decree of May 17, 1867.]
ARTICLE I. The permission to land on the coasts of the Island of Cuba the submarine telegraphic cable referred to by Article I of the decree of 5th December, 1866, will be reputed as a final grant, made to the International Ocean Telegraph Company, for the term of 40 years, subject to the terms established in the second condition of schedule of terms for bidders in the sale of said grant, authorized by the decree of the same date. February 28th, ult.
Art. II. For the fulfillment of its provisions be it understood that the concession of decree of 5th December, 1866, is hereby modified in the secure of the sense of the foregoing article. Given at Palace on the first day of May, 1867.
Subscribed by the Royal Hard

Given at Palace on the first day of May, 1867.

Subscribed by the Royal Hand.

ALEJANDRO CASTRO,

Minister of the Colonies.

The second condition to which reference is made is as follows, translated from the Gaceta de Madrid, of February 28, 1867: The company will make use of the telegraph line during forty years, the Government meanwhile making no grants for the establishment of parallel lines. After the expiration of said term, the Government will be free to accord permissions for new landings solicited, the Company continuing in the enjoyment of the use of their line. For the ends of this article, parallel lines will be such that starting from Cuba and Proposition of the seasof the said and provided the such that starting from Cuba and Provided Provided Theory, Provided Pr

THE NEW PULPIT ORATOR.—A correspondent of the Petersburg Index, writing from Balti-

of the Petersburg Index, writing from Baltimore, says:

"But there was a pulpit prodigy here the same day, who is growing into such fame as bids fair to rival that of Spurgeon. His name is Munsey, and he is a member of the Baltimore Conference, we believe, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. He has not been long at this calling, and was an unlettered man in humble life, but comparatively a few months back, when his talent was revealed to a friend, who aided him to the short culture with which he is producing such wonderful effect. His power of oratory is said to be miraculous, and his reasoning faculties no less so. People here and in the 'Valley flock to hear him, and his influence is talked of and felt everywhere. I tould not gain a seat in the church in which he held forth Sunday night; but several friends, who were more fortunate, reported that all the praises they had previously heard bestowed upon him fell far short of the real height of a his powers. Certain it is that hereafter he will be so famous as to cause interest even to this meagre notice of his ministerial beginning."

BRIGHAM YOUNG, Jr., and his companion RIGHARDS, are living gaily in Parls—the for-mer with two wives and nine children—the latter with nine wives and no end of children

KRAUSHAAR & CO.



THE MOST IMPLOYED SBARD AND BQUARE PIANO-FORTES Full Iron Frame and Overstrung Bass. MANUFACTORY AND WARRHOUSE

West Rouston-street. . So. 1 NEAR BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, MEMBERS OF THE FIRM OF ERRUBHARS A CO., are practical Pieno maker and as such have had a large experience in connection with some or the best Establishments in this country and Europe. Their I know are made not merely for item, but by them, and the set their immediate personal factory and reas into the hands of their patrons, unless they have a power, eveness, framess and roundnessed to a near the reason of the patrons, unless they have a power, eveness, framess and roundnessed to a near the patrons, unless they have a power, eveness, framess and roundnessed to a power, eveness, framess and roundnessed to a power, evenessed, the patrons, unless they have a power, evenessed, the patrons and instrument ought to be satisfactory to the public-us well a test digrability in construction, which enables it to remain in the sand exposure to surreme neast and cold, which are sometimes unavoidable.

They will at all times be happy to see the profession and the public at their wavercoms, and invite comparison between their even Planos and the other comparison between their even Planos and the public at their wavercoms.

CHARLES S. ECHONEMANN,

# ONE PRICE

WE ARE OFFERING OUR STOCK OF SUMMER CLOTHING, comprising LINENS, PLANNELS AND LIGHT WEIGHT WOOLLEN, at prices which cannot fail to satisfy all who are seeking to buy GOOD GOODS CHEAP. The larger part of our Stock we manufacture n our own workshops, which we warrant in every

We give below some of our leading prices CHECK CASSIMERE SUITS, SACK, PANTS AND VEST..... GREY FLANNEL SUITS, SACK, PANTS AND VOST. . \$7 CHECK LINEN SUITS, SACK, PANTS AND VIST. ... \$8

WHITE SHIRTS, four qualities.....\$2 50, 3, MACULLAR, WILLIAMS & PARKER

No. 270 KING STREET CORNER OF HASEL, CHARLESTON S. C.

THE

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PAPER ESTABLISHMENT a most extensive and

Supplied with a great variety of PLAIN AND FANCY TYPE, of the latest and most approv atyles; and we have every facility for executing

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GERMAN, and

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leave their orders with us. We will guarantee as good work, and at as CHEAP RATES, as can be

SIRING JOB WORK, will please

had in Charleston. CATHCART, M'MILLAN & MORTON.

## SPECIAL NOTICES. SPECIAL NOTICES.

03-IN EQUITY .- WILLIAMSBURG DISTRICT. LANE & CO, BRADLEY & LANE, and W. K. LANE & CO., are hereby notified that they me required to prove and establish demands, before the Commissioner of this Co., are access noticed that they are required to prov-and establish d-mands, before the Commission set of this Court, against the said firms, on or before the extra day february next, or falling so to do they be debarred the benefit of any decree in this cause R. C. LODAN, C. E. W. D.

## NOTICE.—ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE BRITISH SCHR. ALERT, C. S. Mann Master, must be presented at our Office by 12 o'clock This Bay, 9th July, or they will be debarred payment.

J. A. ENSLOW & CO., No. 141 East Bay

AF ALL PERSONS TO WHOM THE UNDER SIGNED is indebted will be pleased to present a statement of the same.

J. L. NOWELL,

July 9

tuf2

AT THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CHARLESTON.—CHARLESTON, E. C., 8TH JULY, 1867.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Board of Directors having declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE on the Capital Stock of this Bank, the same will be paid to the Stockholers on and after this day

#FSTATE OF BOUTH CAROLINA, CHARLES. TON DISTRICT—CLERK'S OFFICE C. G. S. AND C. P
—PUBLIC NOTICE.—I, J. W. BROWNFIELD, Clerk o —FUBLIC NOTICE, —I, J. W. BROWNFIELD, Clerk of said Court, in pursuance of the Act of the Legislature, in such case made and provided, do hereby give public no-tice that an ELECTION FOR SHERFF OF CHARLES-TON DISTRICT will be held on Monday, the 5th of August next, at all the usual places of election through-

Witness my hand, at Charleston, the 26th June, 1867 J. W. BROWNFIELD, C. G. S. and C. P.

GREGATION (Berth Shalola) was uganasu in trib conabout ten yearn ago, and for temperary purposes constructed a small buildle, grear the corner of St. Philip and Callboun streets. In this humble House of God they have ever since worshipped. It was thele design from the communicement to accumulate funds toward erecting a larger edifice, more commodious, and mor. in collection mance with the wants of the present age. But that savings were all swept away by the war, and nearly three thousand dollars, set spart for this purpose, were thus

pustont applications from new members, but no room accommodate them. The services of this congregation Polish) Minkay. And this is the o ly synagogue in Charlesion in which Israelites from Conlinental Europe can worship the Good of their fathers in precisely the same forms, language and ceremonius as their fore-fitteenthy.

they are, however, too poor to carry out mern an enterprise unabled. They have the ground for the new synagogue, but not the means to construct the building. They therefore solicit assistance from their brethren and friends everywhere; both from those of the House of Israel, and from all others, of whatever faith or nation; believing that the Great Author of all good will prompt have the forward and bein them in this their time of many to stop forward and help them in this their time oneed. They are extremely solicitous to finish their They are extremely solicitous to finish their unfiding before next Rosh Hashanah (September

The now synagogue withough not expensive structure. Sat scriptions or done though not expensive structure. Sat scriptions or done though not expensive will be gratefully received by any of the undersign ed officers of the congregation.

Mr. B. A. FINBERG, in a few days, will set out on a

Mr. B. A. WEINBERG, in a few days, will set out on tour to the North and West to solicit contributions for the above named object, and the subscribers common his mission to the liberality of overy Jewish congregation in the land.

D. A. WEINBERG, Preadent.

C. COHEA, VICE-President.

P. JACOBY, Sceretary.

L. RICH, Treasurer.

See The Jewish Margor and The Largelity will please

The Jewish Messenger and The Israelite will please insert the above four times, and seed account to Mr. L. RIGH. 6 July 3 AT NOTICE T . MARINELS.—C A P T A I NS AND PILOTS wishin to anchor their vessels in Ashley River, are requested not to do so anywhere within direct range of the heads no the SAVANNAH RAILROAD

wide of the neads of the Bayannah Hallingan widanyes, on the Charleston and St. Andrew's side of the Ashley River; by which precaution, contact with the Submarine Telegraph Cable will be avoided. S. C. TURNER, H. M. Harbor Master's Office, Charleston, February 6, 1866.

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treet, New York.

13- BEWARE OF A COUNTERFEIT.

43 A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HEE country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place o city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place o a coarse, rustle, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and matend o, tw nty-three she really appeared but cighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she pishely told them that she used the CIRCA-MAN BAIM, and considered it an invaluable acquistion to any lady's tollet. By its use any Lady or Gentlacen can improve their posonal appearance an hunsing and appearance on hunsing and the sample of the second in its efficacy in according to the sample of the second in its efficacy in drawing impurities from also healing, cleaning and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct tellon on the cuttlet it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be—clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sont by Mail or Express, on recognition of the surface in the second of the code of an order, by

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OF CONSIGNEES PER STEAMER FALCON rom Baltimore, are hereby notified that the Steamer This DayMischarging carge at Pier No. 1, Union Wharv All goods not taken away at sunset will remain of the Wharf at Consiguees' risk.

July 9 1 MORDECAL & CO. Appell

MORDECAI & CO., Agents. 47 CONSIGNEES PER BRITISH BARK FILLE DE L'AIR are hereby notified that the vessel ha-heen extered under the Five Day Act. Goods not per mitted at the expiration of that time will be sent to the

om-House stores, at their expense and risk.

July 9 1 ROBT. MURE & CO., Agents. 45-STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, CHARLES-TON DISTRICT.—IN CHANCERY.—OFFICE OF THE REGISTER IN EQUITY.—GEORGIANNA S. FALK, BY HER NEXT FRIEND, ZACHARIAH FALK 62. MRS. HATTY JACOBI, NATHANIEJ JACOBI, SIMON ASHIM AND MATILDA A. ASHIM.—BILL FOR PARTITION, DIVISION AND ACCOUNT.—It appearing to my sal's-faction that NATHA.-IEL JACOBI, SIMON ASHIM and MATILDA A. ASHIM, Defendants in this cause, are absent from, and reside beyond the limit; of this State, so that the ordinary process of the Court cannot be served on them, on mobilon of JOHN PHILLIPS, Esq., Complainant's Solicitor, ordered that the said Defendants, NATHANIEL JACOBI, SIMON ASHIM and MATILDA A ASHIM, do appear and laked sendents.

ASHIM, do appear and plead, answer or demur, to

his Bill, within forty days from the publication of thi

Order, or an Order pro confesso will be granted and entered against them. JAS. L. GANTI, Register in Equity, Charleston District. June 29 june 29, july 9, 19, 29 OF NOTICE. I HEREBY CAUTION ALL

persons not to credit any one in my arme wither critten order. CHARLES DEIG. CHARLES DEIGNAN. 43-THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR SHEIHFF of Charleston District, Captain C. B. Sid-WALD. tus July 8

ANOTHICE OF BOARD OF HEALTH. BAGGETON, S. C., JUNE 28th, 1867.—On and after Thir Day, CLOR, E OF LIME AND COPPERAS, for DISINFECTING PURPOSES, will be turnshed free of charge, on application at this Office. No. 117 Continuaries, as the City nutherrities carriestly desire that the citizens concernity should use dis-fessions promptly and treely, wherever necessary.

GEORGE S. PELZER, M. P.,

45 WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE P. M. WHITING, Esq., as a candidate for Sheriff of Charlesion (Judicial) District, at the next election. September 10

43 BEAUTIFUL HAIR .- CHEVALIERS LIFE for the HAIR positively restores gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty: inparts life, strength and growth to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at once, keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair-dressing, fold by all druggists, fashionable hair-dressors, and dealers in ancy goods. The trade supplied by the whole sale druggists. June 9 SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D., stutholmo New York.

## MESSIS, EDITORS:—YOU WILL PLEASE
muounce Gen. A. M. MANIGAULT as a candidate for
theriff at the ensaing election. A CITIZEN.
November 3. 43-ERRORS OF YOUTH .- A GENTLEMAN

who suffered for years from Nervous Debulity, Pre-mature Decay, and all the effects of youtheat indiscre-tion, will, for the sake of somering humanity, send tree, to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple rathody by which he was curred. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing to profit or the sufference of the conto by addressing, to perfect confide

JOHN B. OGDEN April 12 Smose No 42 Colar street, New York.

Headquarters Second Military District, CHABLESTON, S. C., May 30, 1867. GENERAL ORDERS No. 32.1 LACY CHEEN, a qualified voter according to the re-quirements of the "Act to provide for the more efficient pow-ersment of the "Act to provide for the more efficient for-ersment of the robel States," paned March 23d, 1867, in the Act supplementary thereto, passed March 23d, 1867, is eligible to office in the provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the Act afore-said, and to fifthe same, the subscribed and excess

aid, and to file the same, duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander. II. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid 11. All citizens assessed for faxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year are qualified to serve an jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons and place them on the jury between the contraction. lists, and from such revised lists all jurous shall be be after summened and drawn in the manner required

ng, employment, or vocation, subject to such impartia regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common right and the constitution and laws of the United States The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more suretics, being citizens, and worth in the aggregate double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be

IV. The mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all sheriffs, magistrates and police forces are required to be vigit—t and efficient in main-taining order; and in the discharge of their duties—they

V. Post Commanders may summon to their aid when V. Post Commanders may summen to their a d when were the ordinary means at their disposal shal, not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the cultons within the territorial limits of the military post as may be necessary; and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assaut in the execution of the orders of the commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor panishable by such fine and the such that a such the commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor panishable by which fine and the commanding of the commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor panishable by which fine and the commanding of ved by the Commanding General."

approved by the Commanding General.

VI. No license for the sale of intericating fiquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises, shall be graceled to any person other than an inn-keeper; the number of such licenses shall be determined, an the foce to be charged for each licenses shall be prescribed and collected by the municipal or town authorities, and appropriated exclusively for the benefit authorities, and appropriated exclusively for the benefi of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where itquor is sold the license may be re-voked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the in-ternal revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge, and does not excuse the party from the o-serv-ance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the pay-ment of such other license fees as may be imposed by

nunicipal or other competent authority.
VIL All contracts bereafter made for the manufactu VII. All contracts because made for the manufacture, asle or transportation, storage or insurance of intextest-ing liquors, shall, within this Military District, be deemed and treated as against public polley, and no civil action, suit or proceeding for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

VIII. In public convoyances, on railroads, highways treets, or navigable waters, no discrimination becaus of color or caste shall be made, and the common right of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a min-demeanor and results the offender liable to arrest and trial by a military tribunal, to be designated by the Com rial by a military tribunal, to be designated by the Com-manding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in Civil Courts. 13. The remody by distress for rent is abolished. Where ands are leased or let out for hire or ront, cotton, corn,

lands are leased or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn, or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded; but the same shall not be re moved. And cotton, corn, or other produce so impounded, shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed, and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same: Provided, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn or other produce, shall in no case be post-pond to any demand for rent or hire; but to the extent of such claim for labor, there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn or other produce, having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of Major General D. E. Sickles.

J. W. OLOUS,

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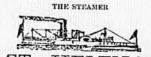
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FOR NORTH AND SOUTH EDISTO,

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ST. HELENA, CAPT. JAS. G. BUMLEY. WILL LEAVE AS ABOVE FROM SOUTH Atlantic Wharf, on Friday Night, 12th inst., at 12

'clock. Returning will leave Edisto on Sunday, at 12 M. Preight received on Thurnlay and Friday, and be preaid.
For Freight or Passage apply on beard, or to
JNO. H. MURRAY, Market Wharf.
N. B. Passengers can sleep on beard the night previous.
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## WAY LANDINGS. THE STEAMER

FOR EDISTO, ROCKVILLE, AND

E. A. MORGAN, WILL LEAVE BOYCE'S WHARF ON THURS-DAY, July 11th, at 10 o'clock A. M. For Freight engagements, apply on heard or to

FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C. TOUCHING AT SOUTH ISLAND AND

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ST. HELENA

WILL TAKE THE PLACE OF STEAMER EMILIES, and leave Royce's wharf as above, on Wednesday Night, the 10th inst., at 10 o'clock.
Returning, will leave Georgelown on Thursday Afternoon. Freight will be received on Wednesday, and must be For engagements of freight of Laboration & KELLY,
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32 For Passage and all matters connected with the
lenard business of the Ships, apply to STREET BROTHERS & CO., No. 74 East Bay,
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. M. For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to JNO. & THEO. GETTY, Agents, No. 48 East Bay July 8



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"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC DWIDER—For Moths in
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